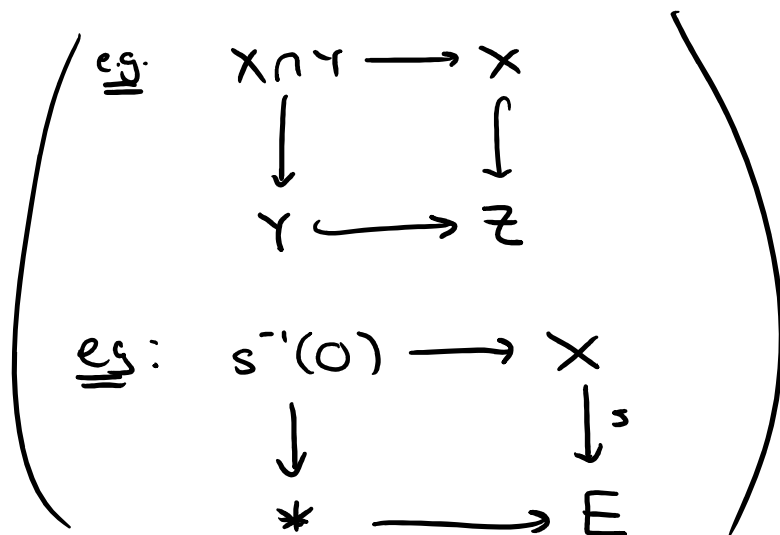
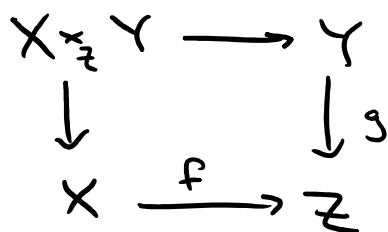


(Jake McNamara speaking)

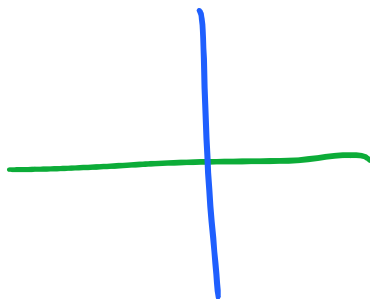
Problem:



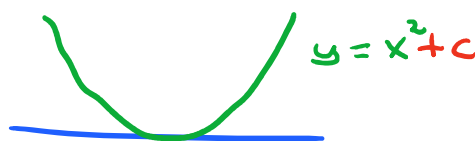
If $f \pitchfork g$, no problem. But in general, three types of problems:

$X \times_{\mathbb{Z}} Y$ is $\begin{cases} \text{(a) not a manifold} \\ \text{(b) the wrong dimension} \\ \text{(c) just wrong} \end{cases}$

eg (b):



eg (c):



$\leadsto [X \times_{\mathbb{Z}} Y]$ not int under

perturbation

Spivak/Lurie: Use ideas from algebra:

$$\text{Tor}_{\mathbb{R}}^{C^\infty(Z)}(C^\infty(X), C^\infty(Y))$$

* Pardon approach:

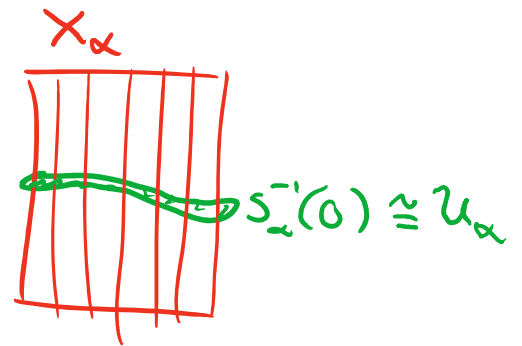
Defn (sketch): Let X be a Hausdorff space.

An implicit atlas on X is an open covering $\{U_\alpha\}$ with

"Implicit Chart" $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \forall \alpha, (X_\alpha, E_\alpha, s_\alpha, \psi_\alpha) \\ \text{smooth mfd} \quad \text{f.d. v.space} \quad s_\alpha: X_\alpha \rightarrow E_\alpha \quad \psi_\alpha: s_\alpha^{-1}(0) \xrightarrow{\cong} U_\alpha \end{array} \right.$

with some compatibility

Think:



Compatibility?

cuts out same U_α

$$(X_\alpha, E_\alpha, s_\alpha) \sim (X_\alpha \times \mathbb{R}, E_\alpha \times \mathbb{R}, s_\alpha \times \text{id}_{\mathbb{R}})$$

- $\bullet \text{vdim}(U_\alpha) = \dim(X_\alpha) - \dim(E_\alpha)$

• Defn [Pardon 3.1.1]:

Let $X = \text{Hausdorff space}$. An implicit atlas of $\text{vdim } d$ on X is an index set A consists of:

DATA

(a) $\forall \alpha, E_\alpha = \text{f.d. v. space}$

(b) For $I \subseteq A, I \text{ finite}$, a Haus. space X_I with $X_\emptyset = X$

(c) $\alpha \in I \subseteq^{\text{finite}} A,$
 $s_\alpha: X_I \rightarrow E_\alpha$

Notation: $I \subseteq J \subseteq^{\text{finite}} A$

$$\bigoplus_{\alpha \in I} s_\alpha: X_J \rightarrow E_I := \bigoplus_{\alpha \in I} E_\alpha$$

(d) $I \subseteq J \subseteq^{\text{finite}} A, \text{ a homeo}^m$

$$\psi_{IJ}: (s_{J \setminus I}|_{X_J})^{-1}(0) \xrightarrow{\sim} U_{IJ}$$

where

$$U_{IJ} \subseteq X_I \text{ open}$$

(e) Regular locus $X_I^{\text{reg}} \subseteq X_I$ open
 smooth mfld with s_α smooth on X_I^{reg} .

satisfying

AXIOMS

AXIOMS

(a) Compatibility

$$(i) \quad \psi_{IJ} \psi_{JK} = \psi_{IK} \\ \text{with } \psi_{II} = \text{id}$$

$$(ii) \quad S_I \psi_{IJ} = S_I$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccccc} X_J & \xleftrightarrow{(S_{J \setminus I}|_{X_J})^{-1}} & (0) & \xrightarrow{\psi_{IJ}} & X_I \\ & \searrow & & & \swarrow \\ & & E_I & & \end{array} \right)$$

$$(iii) \quad U_{IJ_1} \cap U_{IJ_2} = U_{I, J_1 \cup J_2}$$

$$\text{and } U_{II} = X_I$$

$$(iv) \quad \psi_{IJ}^{-1}(U_{IK}) = U_{JK} \cap (S_{J \setminus I}|_{X_J})^{-1}(0)$$

Think: lets you forget the ψ_{IJ} and consider intersections of $U_{IJ} \cap U_{JK}$ formally

(v) Skipped for now (orbifold version)

$$(vi) \quad \psi_{IJ}^{-1}(X_I^{\text{reg}}) \subseteq X_J^{\text{reg}}$$

(b) Submersion / Transversality

$$\text{The map } S_{J \setminus I}^p : X_J \rightarrow E_{J \setminus I}$$

is locally modelled (smoothly) by

$$\mathbb{R}^{d + \dim E_I} \times \mathbb{R}^{\dim E_{J \setminus I}} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\dim E_{J \setminus I}}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{d+\dim E_{\alpha}} \times \mathbb{R}^{\dim E_{\beta}} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\dim E_{\alpha}}$$

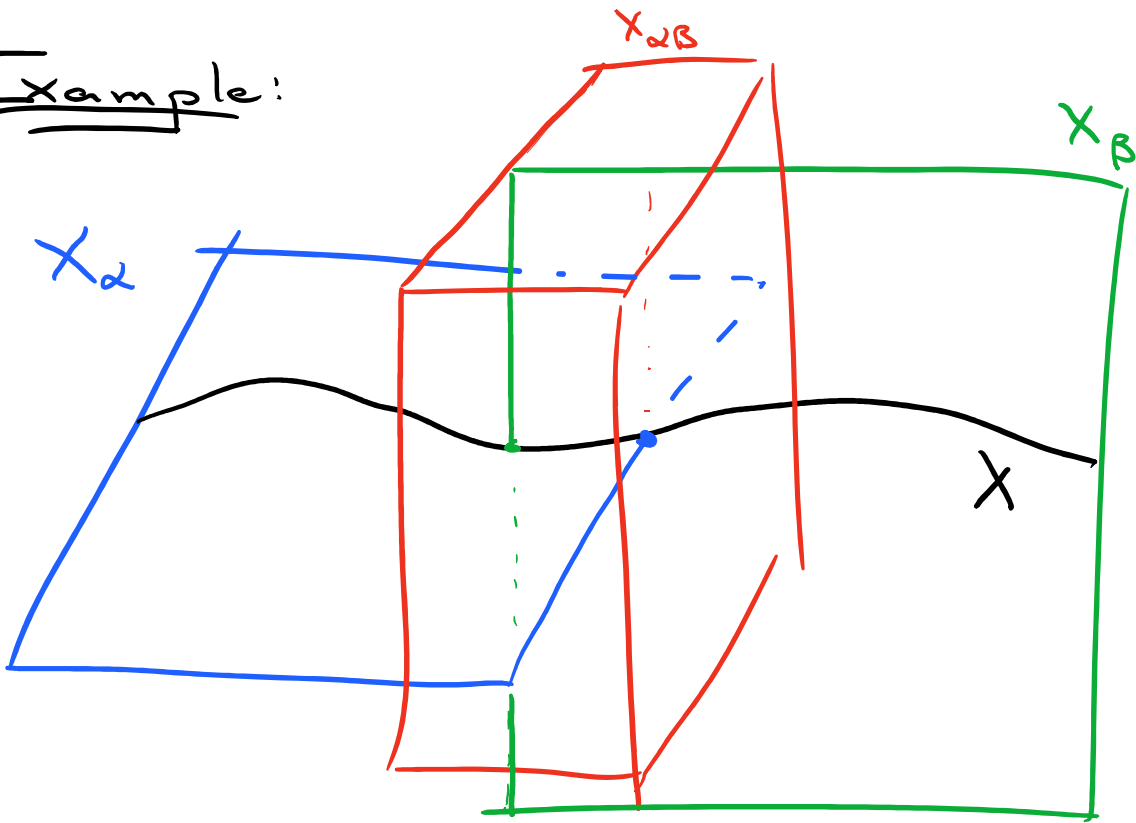
$$\text{over } \psi_{I\beta}^{-1}(X_I^{\alpha}) \subseteq X_{\beta}^{\beta}$$

(c) Covering

$$\forall x \in X, \exists I \text{ s.t.}$$

$$x \in \psi_{\phi I}((s_I|_{X_I^{\alpha}})^{-1}(0))$$

Example:



$$X = \mathbb{R}, x$$

$$X_{\alpha} = \mathbb{R}^2, x, y$$

$$X_{\beta} = \mathbb{R}^2, x, z$$

$$X_{\alpha\beta} = \mathbb{R}^3, x, y, z$$

$$s_{\alpha} = y$$

$$s_{\beta} = z$$

$$E_{\alpha} = \mathbb{R}$$

$$E_{\beta} = \mathbb{R}$$